8) How many times will the incident beam shown in figure below be reflected by each of the parallel mirrors?


According to the law of reflection the angle of reflection is equal to the angle of incidence and hence at each reflection the distance $d$ traveled by light along the width of the mirrors is such that

$$
\mathrm{d} / 1.00 \mathrm{~m}=\tan 5^{\circ} .
$$

Or $\quad d=1.00^{*} \tan 5^{0} \mathrm{~m}=0.08749 \mathrm{~m}$
Hence the number of reflections $\mathrm{n}_{1}$ on the mirror on left will be given by

$$
\left(2 n_{1}-1\right) d=1.00 m \quad[-1 \text { as the first reflection is at d distance }]
$$

Gives $n_{1}=\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1.00}{d}+1\right)=6.21$
Hence number of reflection on left mirror is $\mathrm{n}_{1}=\mathbf{6}$
For right mirror each reflection is at distance 2 d hence the number of reflections $\mathrm{n}_{2}$ is given by
$2 \mathrm{~d} * \mathrm{n}_{2}=1.00 \mathrm{~m}$
Or $\quad n_{2}=1 / 2 d=5.71$
Hence number of reflection on left mirror is $\mathrm{n}_{2}=\mathbf{5}$

